



# eni Myrtus HT 220

Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

Revision date:

06/09/2016

Version: 1.0

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Trade name : eni Myrtus HT 220  
Product code : 6715  
Formula : 0609-2016  
Product group : Trade product

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Intended ONLY for general public

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use

Use of the substance/mixture : General purpose lubricant

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Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ENI S.p.A.  
P.le E. Mattei 1 - 00144 ROMA Italy  
Tel (+39) 06 59821  
www.eni.com

Contact:  
Refining & Marketing and Chemicals  
Via Laurentina 449 00142 ROMA Italy  
Tel (+39) 06 59881 Fax (+39) 06 59885700

Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):  
National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)  
(+44) 844 892 0111  
0870 600 6266 (UK only)  
(Source: UN-WHO)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

None to be reported, according to the present EU regulations.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Child-resistant fastening : No

Tactile warning : No

According to EU criteria, there are no labelling obligations for this product.

#### Other:

General advice : "Use suitable gloves when handling product. Dispose of used/leftover product and package properly. Protect the environment."

### 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Physical/chemical : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Health : If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.,Any material in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to a hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment.,Do not wait for symptoms to develop.

Environment : None.

Contaminants : None.

(air contaminants or other substances)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Composition/information on ingredients : Synthetic base oil  
Additives

Hazardous ingredients and/or with relevant occupational exposure limits : None to be reported, according to the present EU regulations.

According to the relevant EU regulations, this mixture does not contain reportable amounts of any substances which either present a health or environmental hazard according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] or have an occupational exposure limit assigned

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspired into the lungs.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms / injuries (general indications) : None.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause irritation, nausea and gastric disturbances. Taking into account the taste of the product, however, ingestion of dangerous quantities is very unlikely.
- Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration : No information available.
- Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.
- Explosion hazard : In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m<sup>3</sup> of air.
- Combustion products : Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NO<sub>x</sub> (harmful/toxic gases), oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.)

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Precautionary measures fire : Do not breathe fumes.

Firefighting instructions	: Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters	: Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). Self-contained breathing apparatus.
Other information	: In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Large spillages may be cautiously covered with foam, if available, to limit fire risk. Avoid direct contact with released material. Spill area may be slippery.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : See Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. If necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Work helmet. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures : Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Suitable material for taking up: Soil. Contain and collect spillages with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local regulations. Water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable absorbents. Collect recovered product and other materials in suitable waterproof containers. Notify local authorities according to regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information : Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

**SECTION 7: Handling and storage****7.1. Precautions for safe handling**

- Precautions for safe handling : Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned.
- Handling temperature : 0 - 45 °C
- Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.

**7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

- Storage conditions : Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.
- Incompatible products : Keep away from: strong oxidants.
- Storage temperature : 0 - 45 °C
- Storage area : Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
- Packages and containers: : If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
- Packaging materials : For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

**7.3. Specific end use(s)**

No information available.


**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection****8.1. Control parameters**

eni Myrtus HT 220	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable

- Monitoring methods : Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts.,Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

- Note : The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	: Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability.
Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use)	: Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.
	
Materials for protective clothing	: Wear suitable protective clothing.
Hand protection	: When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR), with a protection index $\geq 5$ (permeation time $\geq 240$ mins). Thickness of glove material: $> 0,4$ mm. Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard.
Eye protection	: When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.
Skin and body protection	: Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.
Respiratory protection	: Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols. In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with filter for hydrocarbon vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)
Thermal hazard protection	: If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not discharge the product into the environment. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.
Consumer exposure controls	: Not applicable.

### 8.3. Hygiene measures

General protective and hygienic measures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes, Do not breathe vapours or mists., Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags., Do not keep dirty rags in the overall pockets., Do not drink, eat or smoke with dirty hands., Wash hands with water and mild soap, do not use solvents or other irritant products which have a defatting effect on the skin., Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated.
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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Viscous liquid.
Molecular mass	: Not applicable for mixtures
Colour	: Colourless.

Odour	: Slight odour of petroleum.
Odour threshold	: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
pH	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Negligible.
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: $\geq 200$ °C (ASTM D 1160)
Flash point	: $\geq 150$ °C (ASTM D 93)
Self ignition temperature	: $\geq 300$ °C (DIN 51794)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: $\leq 0,1$ hPa
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: $\leq 1000$ kg/m <sup>3</sup> (25 °C)
Solubility	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Pow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Viscosity, kinematic	: 320 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: None.
Oxidising properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: LEL $\geq 45$ g/m <sup>3</sup> (Aerosol)

## 9.2. Other information

Additional information : No data available

*The above data (9.1 - 9.2) are typical values and do not constitute a specification.*

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)

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LD50 oral rat	≥ 5105 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	≥ 5 mg/l/4h (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.

Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) pH: Not applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) pH: Not applicable
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

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Viscosity, kinematic	320 mm <sup>2</sup> /s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect. Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.
Other information	: None.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: According to the components, and by comparison with other products of the same type and composition, it is expected that this product has a toxicity for aquatic organisms > 100 mg/l, and must not be regarded as dangerous to the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.
Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

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LC50 fish 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.



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### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

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Persistence and degradability

The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

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Log Pow

Not applicable for mixtures

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

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Ecology - soil

Insoluble in water. Product adsorbs onto the soil.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

Results of PBT-vPvB assessment

The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered as "Not persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

: None.

Additional information

: This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods

: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.

Sewage disposal recommendations

: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Waste disposal recommendations

: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 08 99\* (oil wastes not otherwise specified - wastes not otherwise specified). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information

: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe. Dispose of empty, not cleaned containers safely, according to local regulations.

Ecology - waste materials

: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

EURAL code (EWC)

: 13 08 99\* - wastes not otherwise specified

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
<b>14.1. UN number</b>				
Not regulated for transport				
<b>14.2. UN proper shipping name</b>				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>14.3. Transport hazard class(es)</b>				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
<b>14.4. Packing group</b>				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards				
Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No Marine pollutant : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No	Dangerous for the environment : No
Other information : None.				

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : None.

##### - Overland transport

Transport regulations (ADR) : Not subject

##### - Transport by sea

Transport regulations (IMDG) : Not subject

Limited quantities (IMDG) : Not applicable

##### - Air transport

Transport regulations (IATA) : Not subject

##### - Inland waterway transport

Transport regulations (ADN) : Not subject

##### - Rail transport

Transport regulations (RID) : Not subject

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

IBC code : None.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no substances with Annex XVII restrictions

Relevant EU Legislation : Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens).  
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens).  
Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace)  
Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work).  
Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding)  
Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances)  
Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds)

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.  
National laws on classification and labeling of dangerous substances/preparations (Adoption of Directive 67/548/CE and subsequent Adaptations to Technical Progress - ATP, and Directive 1999/45/CE).  
National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).  
Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).  
National adoption of Directives 75/439/CEE - 87/101/CEE concerning disposal of used oils.

### Germany

VwVwS Annex reference	: Water hazard class (WGK) (D) 1, low hazard to waters (Classification according to VwVwS, Annex 4)
WGK remark	: Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)
VbF class (D)	: Not applicable.
Storage class (LGK) (D)	: LGK 12 - Non-flammable liquids in non-flammable packages
12th Ordinance Implementing the Federal Immission Control Act - 12.BImSchV	: Is not subject of the 12. BImSchV (Hazardous Incident Ordinance)

### Denmark

Classification remarks	: Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed
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## 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

Not applicable

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]

## SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes:

First issue.

Abbreviations and acronyms:

	N/D = not available
	N/A = not applicable
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF	Bioconcentration factor
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA	International Air Transport Association
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rai
SDS	Safety Data Sheet
STP	Sewage treatment plant
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Data sources : This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information : Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

# eni Myrtus HT 220

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EU) No. 830/2015

**Product code: 6715**

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SDS EU (REACH Annex II) eni 2015

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*