



# eni Rubus TF 1

Safety Data Sheet  
According to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

Revision date: **01/09/2014**

Version: **1.0**

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## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture  
Trade name : eni Rubus TF 1  
EC index no : N/A  
EC no : N/A  
CAS No : N/A  
REACH registration No : N/A  
Product code : 6783  
Formula : 1912-2014  
Product group : Trade product

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use  
Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use  
Use of the substance/mixture : Lubricant grease  
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Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In that case, the user could be exposed to unpredictable risks.  
Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

ENI S.p.A.  
P.le E. Mattei 1 - 00144 ROMA Italy  
Tel (+39) 06 59821  
www.eni.com

Contact:  
Downstream & Industrial Operations  
Via Laurentina 449 00142 ROMA Italy  
Tel (+39) 06 59881 Fax (+39) 06 59885700

Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): qual-t@eni.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):  
National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)  
(+44) 844 892 0111  
0870 600 6266 (UK only)  
(Source: UN-WHO)

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Not classified

#### Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC

Not classified

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect.

### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

According to EU criteria, there are no labelling obligations for this product.

#### Other:

General advice : "Use suitable gloves when handling product. Dispose of used/leftover product and package properly. Protect the environment."

### 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Physical/chemical	: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.
Health	: If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns. Any material in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to a hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment.
Environment	: None.
Contaminants	: None.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

- Composition/information on ingredients : White mineral oil (petroleum)  
Thickeners.  
Additives
- Hazardous ingredients and/or with relevant occupational exposure limits : None to be reported, according to the present EU regulations.

According to the relevant EU regulations, this mixture does not contain reportable amounts of any substances which either present a health or environmental hazard according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] or have an occupational exposure limit assigned

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : In case of spontaneous vomiting, transport the victim to a hospital, to verify the possibility that the product has been aspirated into the lungs.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to a hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Do not put ice on the burn.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to a hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Symptoms / injuries (general indications) : Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect.
- Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
- Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect. Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.
- Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.
- Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause irritation, nausea and gastric disturbances. Taking into account the taste of the product, however, ingestion of dangerous quantities is very unlikely.
- Symptoms/injuries upon intravenous administration : No information available.

Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to our present knowledge.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.
- Explosion hazard : In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m<sup>3</sup> of air.
- Combustion products : Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx.,Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.),AlOx

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Firefighting instructions : Shut off source of product, if possible. If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
- Special protective equipment for firefighters : Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). Self-contained breathing apparatus.
- Other information : In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- General measures : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Protective equipment : See Section 8.
- Emergency procedures : Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

#### Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. Work gloves (preferably gauntlets) providing adequate chemical resistance. If necessary heat resistant and insulated. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Work helmet. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: a half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (AX), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

#### Emergency procedures

: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

#### For containment

: Soil. If necessary dike the product with dry earth, sand or similar non-combustible materials. Collect recovered product and other materials in suitable tanks or containers for recovery or safe disposal. Dispose of in accordance with relevant local regulations. Water: Confine the spillage. Collect by skimming or other physical means. Collect recovered product and other materials in suitable waterproof containers. Notify local authorities according to regulations. Reclaim or dispose of according to the relevant regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

#### Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to chapter 16.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

#### Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. During transfer and mixing operations, ensure that all equipment is correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Before commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned.

#### Handling temperature

: 0 - 45 °C

Hygiene measures : Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products : Keep away from: strong oxidants.

Storage temperature : 0 - 45 °C

Storage area : Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.

Packages and containers: : If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

Packaging materials : For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters


There are no OELs identified for this mixture or its components.

Monitoring methods : Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts.,Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

Additional information : Note: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Before commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), check the atmosphere for oxygen content and flammability.

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use)	: Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.
	
Hand protection	: When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Materials that are presumably adequate: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard.
Eye protection	: When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.
Skin and body protection	: Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.
Respiratory protection	: Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols. In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with filter for hydrocarbon vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145).
Thermal hazard protection	: If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.
Consumer exposure controls	: Not applicable.

### 8.3. Hygiene measures

General protective and hygienic measures	: Avoid contact with skin and eyes, Do not breathe vapours or mists., Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags., Do not keep dirty rags in the overall pockets., Do not drink, eat or smoke with dirty hands., Wash hands with water and mild soap, do not use solvents or other irritant products which have a defatting effect on the skin., Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated.
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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Solid
Appearance	: Soft paste.
Molecular mass	: Not applicable for mixtures

# eni Rubus TF 1

## Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No. 453/2010

Product code: **6783**

Revision date: **01/09/2014**

Version: **1.0**

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Colour	: Off-white.
Odour	: Slight odour of petroleum.
Odour threshold	: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
pH	: Not applicable
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	: Negligible.
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: $\geq 200$ °C (ASTM D 1160)
Flash point	: $\geq 150$ °C (ASTM D 93)
Self ignition temperature	: $\geq 300$ °C (DIN 51794)
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapour pressure	: $\leq 0,1$ hPa (20 °C)
Relative vapour density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: $\leq 1000$ kg/m <sup>3</sup> (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)
Solubility	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Pow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: (N/D) (ASTM D 445)
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: None.
Oxidising properties	: None.
Explosive limits	: LEL $\geq 45$ g/m <sup>3</sup> Liquid aerosol (mist)

### 9.2. Other information

VOC content : = 0 % (EU, CH)

*The above data are typical values and do not constitute a specification.*



## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidisers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)

eni Rubus TF 1 (N/A)	
LD50 oral rat	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.
LD50 dermal rabbit	≥ 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	≥ 5 mg/l/4h (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.

Skin corrosion/irritation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)  
Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect.  
pH: Not applicable

Serious eye damage/irritation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)  
pH: Not applicable

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)  
This product does not contain any significant amounts of substances classified as sensitizers (in any case < 0.1 % wt)

Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) This product does not contain any significant amounts of substances classified as mutagenic by the EU (in any case < 0.1 % wt)
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) None of the components of this product are listed as carcinogen by NTP, IARC, OSHA, EU or others.
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition) This product does not contain any significant amounts of substances classified as Toxic for Reproduction by the EU (in any case < 0.1 % wt)
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Solid
Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, due to a defatting effect. Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.
Other information	: None.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general	: According to the components, and by comparison with other products of the same type and composition, it is expected that this product has a toxicity for aquatic organisms > 100 mg/l, and must not be regarded as dangerous to the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.
Ecology - air	: This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.
Ecology - water	: This product is not soluble in water. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

<b>eni Rubus TF 1 (N/A)</b>	
LC50 fish 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.
EC50 Daphnia 1	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.
ErC50 (algae)	≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the information provided by the suppliers.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

#### eni Rubus TF 1 (N/A)

Persistence and degradability

The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

#### eni Rubus TF 1 (N/A)

Log Pow

Not applicable for mixtures

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

#### eni Rubus TF 1 (N/A)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH, annex XIII.

Results of PBT-vPvB assessment

The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

: None.

Other information

: This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods

: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.

Sewage disposal recommendations

: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Waste disposal recommendations

: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05\* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). 13 08 99\* (oil wastes not otherwise specified - wastes not otherwise specified). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information

: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe. Dispose of empty, not cleaned containers safely, according to local regulations.

Ecology - waste materials

: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / RID / ADNR / IMDG / ICAO / IATA

### 14.1. UN number

No dangerous good in sense of transport regulations

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name : Not applicable

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Subsidiary risk (IMDG) : --

Subsidiary risk (IATA) : --

### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (UN) : --

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : None.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions : None.

#### 14.6.1. Overland transport

Transport regulations (ADR) : Not subject

Transport regulations (RID) : Not subject

Classification code : --

Limited quantities (ADR) :

#### 14.6.2. Transport by sea

Transport regulations (IMDG) : Not subject

Transport regulations (ADNR) : Not subject

Port Regulation Law : Not applicable.

Limited quantities (IMDG) : Not applicable

EmS-No. (1) : --

MFAG-No : --

#### 14.6.3. Air transport

Transport regulations (IATA) : Not subject

Instruction "cargo" (ICAO) : Not applicable

Instruction "passenger" (ICAO) : Not applicable

Instruction "passenger" - Limited quantities (ICAO) : Not applicable

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

IBC code : None.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

No REACH Annex XVII restrictions

Relevant EU Legislation

: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens).  
Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens).  
Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace)  
Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work).  
Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding)  
Directives 96/82/CE and 2003/105/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances)  
Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds)  
Labelling according to directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC

VOC content

: = 0 % (EU, CH)

EURAL code (EWC)

: 13 02 05\*, 13 08 99\*

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

Maladies professionnelles (F)

: RG 36 - Affections provoquées par les huiles et graisses d'origine minérale ou de synthèse

Water hazard class (WGK) (D)

: 1 (according to composition)

WGK remark

: Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)

Storage class (LGK) (D)

: LGK 13 - Non-flammable solids in non-flammable packages

VbF class (D)

: Not applicable.

Regional legislation

: National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace. National laws on classification and labeling of dangerous substances/preparations (Adoption of Directive 67/548/CE and subsequent Adaptations to Technical Progress - ATP, and Directive 1999/45/CE). National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (96/82/CE - 2003/105/CE). Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution. Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC). National adoption of Directives 75/439/CEE - 87/101/CEE concerning disposal of used oils.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No additional information available

### SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes	: First issue.
Data sources	: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.
Abbreviations and acronyms	: Complete text of the phrases H and R quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product. None.  N/A = Not applicable. N/D = Not available ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists API = American Petroleum Institute CSR = Chemical Safety Report DNEL = Derived No Effect Level DMEL = Derived Minimum Effect Level EC50 = Effective Concentration, 50% EL50 = Effective Loading, 50 % EPA = Environmental Protection Agency IC50 = Inhibition Concentration, 50% LC50 = Lethal Concentration, 50% LD50 = Lethal Dose, 50% LL50 = Lethal Loading, 50% LOAEL = Low Observed Adverse Effects Level NOEL = No Observed Effects Level NOAEL = No Observed Adverse Effects Level OECD = Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development PNEC = Predicted No-Effect Concentration PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative, Toxic STOT = Single Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) RE = (Single Target Organ Toxicity) Repeated exposure (STOT) SE = (Single Target Organ Toxicity) Single exposure TLV®TWA = Threshold Limit Value® – Time-Weighted Average TLV®STEL = Threshold Limit Value® – Short Term Exposure Limit UVCB = Substance of Unknown or Variable composition, Complex reaction products or Biological materials vPvB = very Persistent, very Bioaccumulative WAF = Water Accommodated Fraction.
Training advice	: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.
Other information	: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In that case, the user could be exposed to unpredictable risks.

#### SDS EU ( Annex II) GENERAL

*This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product*