

### Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 08/11/2022 Supersedes: 09/04/2021 Version: 7.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substant	ce/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Product form Trade name UFI Product code Type of product Formula Product group	<ul> <li>Mixture</li> <li>Eni Multitech 15W-40</li> <li>3Q42-K0YX-U00U-1X58</li> <li>1304</li> <li>Lubricants</li> <li>0040-2021</li> <li>Trade product</li> </ul>
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the s	ubstance or mixture and uses advised against
1.2.1. Relevant identified uses	
Main use category Industrial/Professional use spec Use of the substance/mixture	<ul> <li>Industrial use,Professional use,Consumer use</li> <li>Wide dispersive use</li> <li>Gearbox lubricant</li> <li></li> </ul>
Function or use category	Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. : Lubricants and additives
<b>1.2.2. Uses advised against</b> No additional information available	

#### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Eni S.p.A., P.Ie E. Mattei 1, 00144 Rom, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821, www.eni.com Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com

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1.4. Emergency telephone number	
Emergency number	: CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)
	Poison centre (UK): National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h) (+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

#### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Causes serious eye irritation. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

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#### 2.2. Label elements

### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] Hazard pictograms (CLP) GHS07 CLP Signal word : Warning Hazard statements (CLP) H319 - Causes serious eye irritation. Precautionary statements (CLP) P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection. P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification) Other hazards not contributing to the classification : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable

the hazards not contributing to the classification
 This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. If the product is handled or used at high temperature, contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. A potential risk may arise from the release of hydrogen sulfide may accumulate in the tanks or other confined spaces, with danger to the workers that enter the spaces. In these cases overexposure to hydrogen sulfide may cause irritation to airways, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness and death.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII Contains no PBT/vPvB substances ≥ 0.1% assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

Component	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified (64741-88-4)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

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Component	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated(101316-72-7)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic(64742-65-0)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic(64741-89-5)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic(64742-65-0)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified(64741-88-4)	The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605

### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

### Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixtures

Notes

: Composition/ Information on ingredients: Mixture of hydrocarbons Polymers Additives

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 101316-72-7 EC-No.: 309-877-7 EC Index-No.: 649-530-00-X REACH-no: 01-2119489969- 06-0000	65 - 85	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299- 27	10 - 20	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64741-89-5 EC-No.: 265-091-3 EC Index-No.: 649-455-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119487067- 30	1 - 3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-65-0 EC-No.: 265-169-7 EC Index-No.: 649-474-00-6 REACH-no: 01-2119471299- 27	1 - 2	Asp. Tox. 1, H304
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (Additive)	CAS-No.: 85940-28-9 EC-No.: 288-917-4 EC Index-No.: N/A REACH-no: 01-2119521201- 61	1 - 1,5	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] (see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64741-88-4 EC-No.: 265-090-8 EC Index-No.: 649-454-00-7 REACH-no: 01-2119488706- 23	0,65 – 1,3	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (see note [*], see note [**])	CAS-No.: 64742-56-9 EC-No.: 265-159-2 EC Index-No.: 649-469-00-9 REACH-no: 01-2119480132- 48	0,1 - 0,5	Not classified

Notes

: Note [\*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Note [\*\*]:

substance with occupational exposure limits for some EU countries affecting the category of mineral oils (finely refined mineral base oil mists; see section 8.1)

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures after inhalation	: In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen if possible, or assisted ventilation. If symptoms persist call a doctor. See also section 4.3.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Do not put ice on the burn.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation persists, seek medical advice. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor.

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First-aid measures after ingestion	: Do NOT induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, b	ooth acute and delayed
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	: Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	: Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and gastric disturbances.
Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration	: No information available.
Chronic symptoms	: None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media	<ul> <li>Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations).</li> <li>Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam.</li> </ul>
5.2. Special hazards arising from the subst	tance or mixture
Fire hazard Explosion hazard Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire	<ul> <li>This product is combustible, but not classied as flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.".</li> <li>In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m<sup>3</sup> of air.</li> <li>Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx (harmful/toxic gases). Combustion products include sulphur oxides (SO2 and SO3) and Hydrogen sulphide H2S. Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.). CaOx. POx. ZnOx.</li> </ul>
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Shut off source of product, if possible. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
Special protective equipment for firefighters Other information	<ul> <li>Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.</li> <li>In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.</li> </ul>

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures	
6.1. Personal precautions, protective equi	pment and emergency procedures
General measures	: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid direct contact with released material. Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Keep upwind.
6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel	
Protective equipment Emergency procedures	<ul> <li>See Section 8.</li> <li>Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.</li> </ul>
6.1.2. For emergency responders	
Protective equipment	: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of spill and predictable amount of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.
Emergency procedures	: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

#### **6.2. Environmental precautions**

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		
	Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable). Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers. Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers. Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.	
	Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.	

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

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#### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Provide adequate ventilation. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Due to the extremely slippery nature o this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaner regularly. Avoid release to the environment. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphu compounds. The product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances. See also Section 16, "Other information".
Hygiene measures	<ul> <li>Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately.</li> </ul>
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, inclu	uding any incompatibilities
Storage conditions	: Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources o ignition. Do not smoke.
Incompatible products	: Keep away from: strong oxidants.
Storage area	: Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
Packages and containers:	: If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
Packaging materials	: For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m3 (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	•
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	·
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	paraffinic (64742-56-9)
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	t paraffinic (64742-56-9)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m3 (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m3 (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extra	paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons ction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least a-4)
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m3 (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m3 (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)

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obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extra	paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons ction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least -4)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits	·
OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits	·
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
OEL STEL	2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits	·
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits	
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits	
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits	
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits	
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)
8 1 2. Recommended monitoring procedures	

#### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
Monitoring methods	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

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8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC	
Eni Multitech 15W-40	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not applicable
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	1 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,7 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,6 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,79 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,58 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1,19 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,73 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,4 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1,2 mg/m³
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food

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Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2-ethy	Ihexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (85940-28-9)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	9,6 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	6,6 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,19 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	1,67 mg/m³
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	4,8 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Water)	
PNEC aqua (freshwater)	2 µg/l
PNEC aqua (marine water)	0,2 μg/l
PNEC aqua (intermittent, freshwater)	20 µg/l
PNEC (Sediment)	
PNEC sediment (freshwater)	19,3 mg/kg dwt
PNEC sediment (marine water)	1,93 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (Soil)	
PNEC soil	15,7 mg/kg dwt
PNEC (STP)	
PNEC sewage treatment plant	100 mg/l
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	paraffinic (64742-56-9)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	970 μg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,73 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,58 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	740 μg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	1,19 mg/m³
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)
DNEL/DMEL (Workers)	
Long-term - systemic effects, dermal	0,97 mg/kg bodyweight/day
Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation	2,73 mg/m³
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	5,58 mg/m³
DNEL/DMEL (General population)	
Long-term - systemic effects,oral	0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day
PNEC (Oral)	
PNEC oral (secondary poisoning)	9,33 mg/kg food

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information	Not derived - Not classified as hazardous for environment
Note :	The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

#### 8.1.5. Control banding

#### No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Gloves. Safety glasses.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



#### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or face shield. EN 166. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

#### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

#### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

#### **Respiratory protection:**

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols. In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with filter for hydrocarbon vapours. (EN 136/140/145). Combined gas/dust mask with filter type: EN 14387. Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145). Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145)

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#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements necessary, if handled at room temperature.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Colour	: dark yellow.
Appearance	: Liquid, bright & clear.
Odour	: Slight odour of petroleum.
Odour threshold	: There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
Softening point	: -24 °C (ASTM D 5950)
Boiling point	: ≥ 200 °C (ASTM D 1160)
Flammability	: Not flammable
Explosive properties	: None (according to composition).
Oxidising properties	: None (according to composition).
Explosive limits	: ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol)
Lower explosion limit	: Not determined
Upper explosion limit	: Not determined
Flash point	: ≥ 205 °C (ASTM D 92)
Auto-ignition temperature	: ≥ 300 °C (DIN 51794)
Decomposition temperature	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
рН	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
Viscosity, kinematic	: 108,5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D445)
Viscosity, dynamic	: 6500 mPa.s (-20 °C) (ASTM D 5293)
Solubility	: Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Kow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Log Pow	: Not applicable for mixtures
Vapour pressure	: < 0,1 hPa (20 °C) (Mineral oil, ASTM D 5191) (CONCAWE, 2010)
Vapour pressure at 50°C	: Not determined
Density	: 887 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (ASTM D 4052)
Relative density	: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available
Relative vapour density at 20°C	: > 1 (according to composition)
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable

#### 9.2. Other information

Explosion limits       : ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol)         9.2.2. Other safety characteristics         Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)       : Negligible.         Additional information       : No data available	9.2.1. Information with regard to physical haz	ard classes	
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : Negligible.	Explosion limits	: ≥ 45 g/m³ (Aerosol)	
	9.2.2. Other safety characteristics		
	Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) Additional information	: Negligible. : No data available	

#### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

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#### **10.2. Chemical stability**

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### **10.4. Conditions to avoid**

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

#### **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products**

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition generates : Toxic fumes. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

SECTION 11: Toxicological information		
11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008		
Acute toxicity (dermal):Acute toxicity (inhalation):	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) (according to composition)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (API 1986, UBTL 1983 - OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (API 1986, UBTL 1984 - OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2,18 – 5,53 mg/l/4h (API 1987, Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1988, BioResearch Laboratories, Ltd. 1984 - OECD 403)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)	
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (85940-28-9)		
LD50 oral rat	3080 mg/kg	
LD50 dermal rabbit	20000 mg/kg	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2,3 mg/l/4h	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)		
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)	
	1	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewax	ed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)
LD50 dermal rabbit	2000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2,18 (≥ 5,53) mg/l/4h (OECD 403)
obtained as the raffinate from a solver	I heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons at extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of at least 4741-88-4)
LD50 oral rat	5000 mg/kg bodyweight
LD50 dermal rabbit	2000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	2,18 – 5,53 mg/l/4h
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewax	ed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity), Guideline: OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral Toxicity - Fixed Dose Method)
Skin corrosion/irritation Additional information Serious eye damage/irritation Additional information Respiratory or skin sensitisation Additional information Germ cell mutagenicity	<ul> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>Causes serious eye irritation. pH: Lack of data (on mixture / components of the mixture) - Data not available</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> </ul>
Additional information Carcinogenicity Additional information	<ul> <li>First basistice (according to composition)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>This product contains : Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd, dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C24 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 16cSt to 75cSt at 40 °C (104 °F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed heavy paraffinic, clay-treated; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in either a contacting or percolation process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50.], Distillates (petroleum), solvent extraction of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).], Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of saturated hydrocarbons.], Distillates (petroleum), solvent dewaxed light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C20 through C50 and produces a finished oil of at least 100 SUS at 100°F (19cSt at 40°C). It contains a relatively</li></ul>
Reproductive toxicity Additional information STOT-single exposure Additional information STOT-repeated exposure	<ul> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> </ul>

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Additional information	: (according to composition)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solve	ent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (Mobil 1990 - OECD TG 408)	
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day (mouse, Chasey, K.L. and McKee, R.H. 1993 - OECD 453)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (API 1986, Mobil Environmental and Health Science Laboratory 1983 - OECD 410)	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 1500 mg/m³ (Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1991, Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light	ht paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed h	eavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed li	ight paraffinic (64742-56-9)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	30 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	980 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed h	ieavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity Study in Rodents)	
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day	
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)	
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	≈ 1000 mg/kg bodyweight Animal: rabbit, Guideline: OECD Guideline 410 (Repeated Dose Dermal Toxicity: 21/28-Day Study)	
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)	
Aspiration hazard Additional information	<ul> <li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li> <li>(according to composition)</li> </ul>	
Eni Multitech 15W-40		
Viscosity, kinematic	108,5 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D445)	
11.2. Information on other hazards		
11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties		
Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties	: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %	
11.2.2. Other information		
Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms	: Irritating to eyes, Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist	

: None

Other information

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SECTION 12: Ecological information		
12.1. Toxicity		
Ecology - general :	The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.	
Ecology - air :	This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the	
Ecology - water :	product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)	
	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
(acute) Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term : (chronic)	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (WAF, 48 h, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)	
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)	
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2-ethy	IhexyI and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts (85940-28-9)	
LC50 fish 1	1 – 10 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 1	5,4 mg/l	
EC50 96h - Algae [1]	2 – 2,1 mg/l	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	paraffinic (64742-56-9)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)	
NOEC chronic fish	1 g/l (NOELR, 14d)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified (64741-88-4)		
LC50 fish 1	100 mg/l	
EC50 Daphnia 1	10 g/l	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)	
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)	
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)	
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)	
12.2. Persistence and degradability		
Eni Multitech 15W-40		
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-	extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light	paraffinic (64742-56-9)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heav	y paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.	
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)	
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential		
Eni Multitech 15W-40		
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures	
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)		
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
BCF fish 1	0,4 – 6280 l/kg	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
BCF fish 2 3,16 - 71100 l/kg		
Log Pow	1,99 – 18,02	
Log Kow Not applicable (UVCB)		
bioaccumulative potential The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.		
12.4. Mobility in soil		
Eni Multitech 15W-40		
Mobility in soil	Not determined	
Ecology - soil	No data available.	
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)		

Lubricating ons (perroleum), C24-30, Solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)			
Ecology - soil	This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface.		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)			
Ecology - soil	r - soil This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface.		
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)			
Log Koc	1,71 – 14,7		
Ecology - soil	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.		

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni Multitech 15W-40		
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria	of REACH regulation, annex XIII	
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Component		
Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7)	This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined heavy paraffinic, Baseoil - unspecified (64741-88-4)	This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic (64742-56-9)	This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	

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12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	
Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties	: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %
12.7. Other adverse effects	
Other adverse effects Additional information	<ul> <li>None</li> <li>This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.</li> </ul>

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
13.1. Waste treatment methods		
Waste treatment methods	: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.	
Sewage disposal recommendations	: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.	
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.	
Additional information	: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.	
Ecology - waste materials EURAL code (EWC)	<ul> <li>The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.</li> <li>13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils</li> </ul>	

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID				
ADR	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number or ID n	umber		· · · · · ·	
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.2. UN proper shipping	14.2. UN proper shipping name			
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.4. Packing group				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated	Not regulated
None.				

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### **Overland transport**

Not regulated

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## Transport by sea

Not regulated

#### Air transport

Not regulated

#### Inland waterway transport Not regulated

#### Rail transport

Not regulated

#### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)		
Reference code	Applicable on	Entry title or description
3(b)	Eni Multitech 15W-40 ; Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic ; Distillates (petroleum), solvent- dewaxed heavy paraffinic ; Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2- ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10
3(c)	Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2- ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts	Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

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Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations	<ul> <li>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH). (et sequens). Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) - Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC). Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants).</li> </ul>
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Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.			
France			
Maladies professionelles (F)			
Code Description	Description		
RG 36 Diseases caused by oil	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin		
Germany			
Employment restrictions	: Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.		
Water hazard class (WGK) (D) WGK remark	<ul> <li>WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1)</li> <li>Classification is carried out on the basis of the Ordinance on facilities for handling substances that are hazardous to water (Verordnung über Anlagen zum Umgang mit wassergefährdenden Stoffen (AwSV)) of 18 April 2017 (BGBI 2017, Teil I, Nr. 22, Seite 905).</li> </ul>		
Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) National Rules and Recommendations	<ul> <li>Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)</li> <li>TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous Substances: Inhalation Exposure TRGS 500: Protective measures TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers TRGS 800: Fire protection measures TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits</li> </ul>		
Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) VbF class (D)	: LGK 10 - Combustible liquids : Not applicable.		
Netherlands			
Saneringsinspanningen	: C - Minimize discharge		
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen	: None of the components are listed		
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen	: None of the components are listed		
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid	<ul><li>None of the components are listed</li><li>None of the components are listed</li></ul>		
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling	: None of the components are listed		

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Denmark	
Danish National Regulations	: Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product
	Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it
Norway	
Norwegian National Regulations	: Working Environment Act (LOV-2005-06-17 NO. 62).
	People under the age of 18 may not work with this product at all.
Sweden	
Swedish National Regulations	: This product is in compliance with Ordinance 1998:944.
	Work Environment Act (1977: 1160).
	Chemical Hazards in the Working Environment (AFS 2011:19).
Switzerland	
Storage class (LK)	: LK 10/12 - Liquids

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

For this mixture a chemical safety assessment has been not carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture::

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

Phosphorodithioic acid, mixed O,O-bis(2-ethylhexyl and iso-Bu and iso-Pr) esters, zinc salts

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed light paraffinic

#### SECTION 16: Other information

Indication of changes			
Section	Changed item	Change	Notes
	Flammability (solid, gas)	Added	
	Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties	Added	
1.1	UFI	Modified	
2.2	Precautionary statements (CLP)	Modified	
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	
8.2	Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use)	Modified	
9.1	Upper explosive limit (UEL)	Added	
9.1	Vapour pressure at 50°C	Added	
9.1	Lower explosive limit (LEL)	Added	
11.1	Additional information	Modified	
12.4	Mobility in soil	Added	
12.6	Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties	Added	

Abbreviations and acronyms:		
	Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product.	
	N/D = not available	
	N/A = not applicable	
ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways	
ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road	

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Abbreviations and acronyms:		
ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate	
BCF	Bioconcentration factor	
CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level	
DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level	
EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)	
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer	
ΙΑΤΑ	International Air Transport Association	
IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods	
LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)	
LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)	
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration	
NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level	
NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration	
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	
РВТ	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic	
PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration	
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006	
RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways	
SDS	Safety Data Sheet	
STP	Sewage treatment plant	
vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	

Data sources

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers

Training advice

Other information

combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary. This situation is especially relevant for those operations which involve direct exposure to the vapours in the interior of tanks or other confined spaces. Therefore, it is very important to follow the above mentioned precautionary measures also with used oils.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Aquatic Chronic 2     Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2		

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Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H315	Causes skin irritation.	
H318	Causes serious eye damage.	
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.	
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2	

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:		
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method

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This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.