

Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 19/07/2022 Supersedes: 30/09/2019 Version: 3.0

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40

Product code : 1039
Type of product : Lubricants
Formula : 0199-2019
Product group : Trade product

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use, Consumer use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Used in closed systems

Wide dispersive use

Use of the substance/mixture : Lubricant for internal combustion engines

Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Lubricants and additives

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Eni S.p.A., P.le E. Mattei 1, 00144 Rom, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821, www.eni.com Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): SDSInfo@eni.com

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1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):

National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)

(+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements : EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

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2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels. Any substance, in case of accidents involving pressurized circuits and the like, may be accidentally injected under the skin, even without external damage. In such a case, the victim should be brought to an hospital as soon as possible, to get specialized medical treatment. Do not wait for symptoms to develop. A potential risk may arise from the release of hydrogen sulfide, when the product is stored or handled at high temperature. Hydrogen sulfide may accumulate in the tanks or other confined spaces, with danger to the workers that enter the spaces. In these cases overexposure to hydrogen sulfide may cause irritation to airways, nausea, dizziness, loss of consciousness and death.

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

| Component | |
|--|--|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |
| Calcium carbonate (471-34-1) | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |
| Component | |
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated(101316-72-7) | The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic(64741-89-5) | The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 |
| Calcium carbonate(471-34-1) | The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | The substance is not included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 |

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Notes

Composition/ Information on ingredients: Mixture of hydrocarbons

Additives

| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP] |
|--|--|-----------|--|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (see note [**], see note [***]) | (CAS-No.) 101316-72-7 (EC-No.) 309-877-7 (EC Index-No.) 649-530-00-X (REACH-no) 01-2119489969-06- 0000 | 80 - 90 | Not classified |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic | (CAS-No.) 64741-89-5 (EC-No.) 265-091-3 (EC Index-No.) 649-455-00-2 (REACH-no) 01-2119487067-30 | 1,5 – 1,9 | Asp. Tox. 1, H304 |
| Calcium carbonate (see note [****]) | (CAS-No.) 471-34-1 (EC-No.) 207-439-9 (EC Index-No.) N/A (REACH-no) 01-2119486795-18-0059 | 0,4 – 0,5 | Not classified |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts (Additive, see note [*****]) | (EC-No.) 939-603-7 (REACH-no) 01-2119978241-36 | 0,1 - 0,3 | Not classified |
| Mineral base oil, severely refined (For identification of the substance, see note [*], see note [***]) | (CAS-No.) N/A (EC-No.) N/A | 1 - 3 | Not classified |

Notes

: [*] Note: this product may be formulated with one or more of the following severely refined mineral base oils (not classified as hazardous):

CAS 64742-54-7/EC 265-157-1/REACH Reg. # 01-2119484627-25-xxxx; CAS 64742-65-0/EC 265-169-7/REACH Reg. # 01-2119471299-27-xxxx; CAS 64742-70-7/EC 265-174-4/REACH Reg. # 01-2119487080-42-xxxx.

All these substances have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3)

Note [**]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Note [***]:

substance with occupational exposure limits for some EU countries affecting the category of mineral oils (finely refined mineral base oil mists; see section 8.1)

Note [****]:

substance with national workplace exposure limit(s)

Note [*****]:

Total Base Number (TBN): > 300 mgKOH/g (ASTM D 2896)

More detailed information: See section 11.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.

First-aid measures after skin contact

: Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. Seek medical attention if skin irritation, swelling or redness develops and persists. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze

or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by doctor. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. If irritation, blurred

vision or swelling occurs and persists, obtain medical advice from a specialist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In case of contact with hot product, cool affected part with plenty of cold water, and cover with gauze or clean cloth. Call a doctor or bring to an hospital. Do not use salves or ointments, unless directed by

doctor.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty

is unconscious, place in the recovery position. In case of spontaneous vomiting, keep head low, to avoid the risk of aspiration into the lungs. Do not give anything by mouth to an

unconscious person.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only in

case of sprays and mists. In these cases overexposure to mists (e.g. through prolonged use in confined insufficiently ventilated spaces) may cause irritation to airways, nausea and

dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Contact with hot product may cause severe thermal burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Contact with eyes may cause a light transient irritation. Contact with hot product or vapours

may cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and

gastric disturbances.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration : No information available.

Chronic symptoms : None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical attention if casualty has an altered state of consciousness or if symptoms do not resolve. Seek medical attention in all cases of serious burns. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide). Send the casualty immediately to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or

water fog (mist). These means should be used by trained personnel only. Other

extinguishing gases (according to regulations).

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use direct water jets on the burning product, they could cause splattering and spread the fire. Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water

destroys the foam.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Explosion hazard : In case of losses from pressurized circuits, the sprays may form mists. Take into account

that in this case the lower explosion limit for mists is about 45 g/m3 of air.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Incomplete combustion is likely to give rise to a complex mixture of airborne solid and liquid particulates, gases, including carbon monoxide, NOx, H2S and SOx (harmful/toxic gases).

Oxygenated compounds (aldehydes, etc.). POx. CaOx. ZnOx.

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5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire

Firefighting instructions

Special protective equipment for firefighters

Other information

- : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Do not try to extinguish the fire until the flow of product has been stopped, or it is certain that this will be done immediately. Contact of hot product with water will result in a violent expansion as the water turns to steam.
- : If possible, move containers and drums away from danger area. Spilled product which is not burning should be covered with sand or foam. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. If the fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area.
- : Personal protection equipment for firefighters (see also sect. 8). Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing. EN 443. EN 469. EN 659.
- : In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures

: Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment Emergency procedures : See Section 8.

: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the emergency.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Work helmet. Non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant. Tightly fitting goggles and face shield, if splashes or contact of cold vapour with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. A Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

Emergency procedures

: Notify local authorities according to relevant regulations.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable).

Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers.

Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers.

Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

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6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

This material is combustible, but will not ignite readily. Provide adequate ventilation. Use adequate personal protective equipment as needed. Due to the extremely slippery nature of this material, more care than usual must be exercised in material handling practices to keep off all walking surfaces. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid release to the environment. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. The product may release Hydrogen Sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Hygiene measures

: Ensure that proper housekeeping measures are in place. Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Contaminated materials should not be allowed to accumulate in the workplaces and should never be kept inside the pockets. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions

Incompatible products

Storage area

Packages and containers:

Packaging materials

- : Store in dry, well ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Do not smoke.
- : Keep away from: strong oxidants.
- : Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company regulations.
- : If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled. Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.
- : For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this product. Recommended materials for containers, or container linings use mild steel, stainless steel. Some synthetic materials may be unsuitable for containers or container linings depending on the material specification and intended use. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- | extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | |
|--|--|--|
| Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA [1] | 1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| OEL STEL | 2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| AK (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1] | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| VLA-EC (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| NGV (OEL TWA) | 1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| KTV (OEL STEL) | 3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1] | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| WEL STEL (OEL STEL) | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| ACGIH OEL TWA | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| ACGIH OEL STEL | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |

| Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA [1] | 1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| OEL STEL | 2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| AK (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |

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| Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) | | |
|---|--|--|
| Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1] | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| VLA-EC (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| NGV (OEL TWA) | 1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| KTV (OEL STEL) | 3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1] | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| WEL STEL (OEL STEL) | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| ACGIH OEL TWA | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| ACGIH OEL STEL | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |

| Calcium carbonate (471-34-1) | | |
|---|---------------------------|--|
| France - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| VLE [mg/m³] | 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable dust) | |
| Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| AK (OEL TWA) | 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable dust) | |
| Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA [1] | 10 mg/m³ (Inhalable dust) | |
| Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA | 6 mg/m³ | |
| Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| NDS (OEL TWA) | 10 mg/m ³ | |
| United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1] | 4 mg/m³ (Respirable dust) | |
| Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) [1] | 3 mg/m³ (Respirable dust) | |

| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | | |
|--|---|--|
| Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| OEL TWA [1] | 1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| OEL STEL | 2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| AK (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³) | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |

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| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | | |
|--|--|--|
| Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1] | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| VLA-EC (mg/m³) | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| NGV (OEL TWA) | 1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| KTV (OEL STEL) | 3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1] | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| WEL STEL (OEL STEL) | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits | | |
| ACGIH OEL TWA | 5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |
| ACGIH OEL STEL | 10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m) | |

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

| Monitoring methods | |
|--------------------|--|
| | Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene. |

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| DNEL/DMEL (additional information) | |
| Additional information | Not applicable |
| PNEC (additional information) | |
| Additional information | Not applicable |

| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | |
|--|---------------------------|
| DNEL/DMEL (Workers) | |
| Long-term - systemic effects, dermal | 1 mg/kg bodyweight/day |
| Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation | 2,7 mg/m³ |
| Long-term - local effects, inhalation | 5,6 mg/m³ |
| DNEL/DMEL (General population) | |
| Long-term - systemic effects,oral | 0,74 mg/kg bodyweight/day |
| PNEC (Oral) | |
| PNEC oral (secondary poisoning) | 9,33 mg/kg food |

| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | |
|--|-------------------------|
| DNEL/DMEL (Workers) | |
| Acute - local effects, dermal | 1,04 mg/cm ² |
| Long-term - systemic effects, dermal | 25 mg/kg bodyweight/day |
| Long-term - systemic effects, inhalation | 35,26 mg/m³ |

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| DNEL/DMEL (General population) | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| 0,518 mg/cm ² | | |
| 2,5 mg/kg bodyweight/day | | |
| 8,7 mg/m³ | | |
| 12,5 mg/kg bodyweight/day | | |
| | | |
| 0,1 mg/l | | |
| 0,1 mg/l | | |
| 1 mg/l | | |
| PNEC (Sediment) | | |
| 45211 mg/kg dwt | | |
| 45211 mg/kg dwt | | |
| PNEC (Soil) | | |
| 47025 mg/kg dwt | | |
| PNEC (STP) | | |
| 1000 mg/l | | |
| | | |

Note

: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area, carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Gloves.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the eyes, use safety goggles or other means of protection (face shield). If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

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Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use hydrocarbon-resistant, felt-lined gloves. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Use gloves respecting all the conditions and within the limits set by the manufacturer. Replace gloves immediately in case of cuts, holes or other signs of damages or degradation. If necessary, refer to the EN 374 standard. Personal hygiene is a key element for an effective hand care. Gloves must be worn only with clean hands. After wearing gloves, hands must be carefully washed and dried.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Independently from other possible actions (technical modifications, operating procedures, and other means to limit the exposure of workers), personal protection equipment can be used according to necessity. Open or well ventilated spaces: if the product is handled without adequate containment means for the vapours: full or half-face gas mask with filter for organic vapours (A) or organic vapours/H2S (A+B). (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145). Approved respiratory protection equipment shall be used in spaces where hydrogen sulphide may accumulate: full face mask with cartridge/filter type "B" (grey for inorganic vapours including H2S) or self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). (EN 136/140/145)

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Consumer exposure controls:

Lower explosive limit (LEL)

Upper explosive limit (UEL)

No special requirements necessary, if handled at room temperature.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid Colour : Yellow-brown. Appearance Clear liquid. Odour Petroleum-like. Odour threshold : Not available Melting point Not determined Freezing point : Not determined : Not determined **Boiling point** : Not flammable Flammability

Explosive properties : None (according to composition).

Oxidising properties : None (according to composition).

Explosive limits : Not determined

Not determined
: Not determined
: Not determined
: > 100 °C (ASTM D92)

Flash point : > 100 °C (ASTN Auto-ignition temperature : Not determined Decomposition temperature : Not determined

pH : substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic

Viscosity, kinematic : 103,6 mm²/s (ASTM D445)

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Solubility : Water: Immiscible

Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures
Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures

Vapour pressure : Not determined Vapour pressure at 50 °C : Not determined

Density : 885 kg/m³ (ASTM D4052)

Not determined Relative density Relative vapour density at 20 °C Not determined Particle size : Not applicable Particle size distribution Not applicable Particle shape Not applicable Not applicable Particle aspect ratio Particle aggregation state : Not applicable Particle agglomeration state : Not applicable Particle specific surface area : Not applicable Particle dustiness : Not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Additional information : No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties (in normal conditions of storage and handling).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. Thermal decomposition may produce: Toxic fumes. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

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Carcinogenicity

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| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | |
|--|--|
| LD50 oral rat | > 5000 mg/kg (API 1986, UBTL 1983 - OECD 401) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight (API 1986, UBTL 1984 - OECD 402) |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | 2,18 – 5,53 mg/l/4h (API 1987, Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1988, BioResearch Laboratories, Ltd. 1984 - OECD 403) |

| Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) | |
|--|------------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 401) |
| LD50 dermal rat | > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD 402) |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | > 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403) |

| Calcium carbonate (471-34-1) | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 2000 mg/kg bodyweight |
| LD50 dermal rat | 2000 mg/kg bodyweight |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | 3 mg/l/4h |

| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | |
|--|--|
| LD50 oral rat | > 5000 mg/kg bodyweight ((Sanitised, F. (1989), OECD Guideline 401)) |
| LD50 dermal rat | > 2000 mg/kg bodyweight ((Sanitised, G. (1989), OECD Guideline 402)) |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | > 1,9 mg/l/4h ((Hoffman, G.M. (1986), EPA OPP 81-3)) |

| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | |
|--|-------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | > 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401) |
| LD50 dermal rat | > 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402) |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | > 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403) |

| Skin corrosion/irritation | : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| | pH: substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic |
| Additional information | : (according to composition) |
| Serious eye damage/irritation | : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) |
| | pH: substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic |
| Additional information | : (according to composition) |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation | : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) |
| Additional information | : (according to composition) |
| | This product is formulated with one or more ingredients (complex additive mixtures) which |
| | contains calcium sulfonates. All these ingredients have each a TBN value > 300 mg |
| | KOH/g, therefore they are not classified as sensitizers. |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) |
| Additional information | : (according to composition) |

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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| | All the mineral base ails contained in this product boys a value at 20% at at DMCC autorat |
|------------------------|--|
| | All the mineral base oils contained in this product have a value < 3 % wt of DMSO extract, |
| | according to IP 346 (Nota L - Annex VI Reg (CE) 1272/2008, # 1.1.3) |
| | This product contains also the following substances: Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, |
| | solvent-extd, dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of |
| | hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation |
| | residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly |
| | in the range of C24 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of |
| | 16cSt to 75cSt at 40 °C (104 °F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; |
| | Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate |
| | from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons |
| | having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a |
| | finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] |
| | this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the |
| | criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product |
| | must be regarded as non carcinogenic. |
| Reproductive toxicity | : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) |
| Additional information | : (according to composition) |
| STOT-single exposure | : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) |
| Additional information | : (according to composition) |

| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | |
|--|-----------------------|
| NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit) | 2500 mg/kg bodyweight |
| NOAEC (inhalation, rat, vapour) | 881,58 mg/m³ |

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Additional information : (according to composition)

| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | |
|--|--|
| LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) | 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (Mobil 1990 - OECD TG 408) |
| LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days) | 100 mg/kg bodyweight/day (mouse, Chasey, K.L. and McKee, R.H. 1993 - OECD 453) |
| NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days) | 1000 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (API 1986, Mobil Environmental and Health Science Laboratory 1983 - OECD 410) |
| NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days) | 220 – 1500 mg/m³ (Exxon Biomedical Sciences, Inc. 1991, Dalbey W, Osimitz T, |

| Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) | |
|--|--|
| LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) | 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) |

| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | |
|--|---|
| NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days) | > 1000 (OECD Giudeline 410) |
| NOAEL (subacute, oral, animal/male, 28 days) | > 500 mg/kg bodyweight (OECD Guideline 407) |

| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | |
|--|--|
| LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days) | 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408) |

Aspiration hazard : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)

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| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Viscosity, kinematic | 103,6 mm²/s (ASTM D445) |

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties

: The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

11.2.2 Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and

symptoms

Other information : None

: Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - water

Ecology - general : The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground,

produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (air, soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to

avoid pollution and release into the environment.

Ecology - air : This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposur

: This product has a low vapour pressure. A significant exposure may happen only if the

product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists.

: This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short–term (acute)

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic)

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40

| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| LC50 fish 1 | ≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers. |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | ≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers. |
| ErC50 (algae) | ≥ 100 mg/l (Calculated data). This evaluation is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers. |

| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | |
|--|---|
| LC50 fish 1 | > 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203) |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | > 10000 mg/l (WAF, 48 h, Shell 1988 - OECD 202) |
| NOEC (acute) | ≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008) |
| NOEC chronic fish | ≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010) |
| NOEC chronic crustacea | ≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994) |

| Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) | |
|--|--------------------|
| LC50 fish 1 | > 100 mg/l (LL 50) |

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Biodegradation

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|---|--|--|
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | > 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202) | |
| Calcium carbonate (471-34-1) | | |
| EC50 72h - Algae [1] | 14 mg/l | |
| | | |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs. | | |
| LC50 fish 1 | ≥ 100 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) (Read-across) - Oncorhynchus mykiss - Goodband, T.J. (2005a) | |
| LC50 fish 2 | ≥ 10000 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 203 (WAF) (Read-across) - Cyprinodon variegatus - Nicholson, R.B. (1986) | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | ≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/48h, EPA OTS 797.1300 (WAF) (Read-across) - Ward, T.J (1993) | |
| EC50 72h - Algae [1] | ≥ 100 mg/l LL50/96h, OECD 201 (WAF) (Read-across) - Scenedesmus subspicatus - Mead, C. (2005) | |
| ErC50 (algae) | ≥ 1000 mg/l EC50/72h, EPA OTS 797.1050 (WAF) (Read-across) - Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata - Ward, T.J (1994) | |
| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p | paraffinic (64741-89-5) | |
| LC50 fish 1 | > 100 mg/l (LL 50) | |
| EC50 Daphnia 1 | > 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202) | |
| 12.2. Persistence and degradability | | |
| | | |
| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 | | |
| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 Persistence and degradability | The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. | |
| Persistence and degradability | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. | |
| | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. | |
| Persistence and degradability Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- Persistence and degradability | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, | |
| Persistence and degradability Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, | |
| Persistence and degradability Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- Persistence and degradability Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. | |
| Persistence and degradability Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- Persistence and degradability Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) Persistence and degradability | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. | |
| Persistence and degradability Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- Persistence and degradability Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) Persistence and degradability Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs. | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. , calcium salts | |
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent- Persistence and degradability Mineral base oil, severely refined (N/A) Persistence and degradability Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs. Persistence and degradability | biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions. calcium salts Not readily biodegradable. 8 % (28d - OECD Guideline 301 D) | |

31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)

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12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Log Pow | Not applicable for mixtures |
| Log Kow | Not applicable for mixtures |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not established. |

| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | |
|--|---|
| Bioaccumulative potential | The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances. |

| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | |
|--|--|
| BCF fish 1 | 70,8 (L/Kg w/w) |
| Log Pow | 6,91 |
| Log Kow | 8 (OECD Guideline 107 (EU Method A.8)) |

| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | |
|--|---|
| Bioaccumulative potential | The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances. |

12.4. Mobility in soil

| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Mobility in soil | Not determined |

| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | |
|--|---|
| Ecology - soil | This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. |

| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | |
|--|--|
| Log Koc | 15,65 – 15,75 (QSAR, Chemservice S.A. (2013a)) |

| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | |
|--|---|
| Ecology - soil | This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. |

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

| Eni i-Base Professional 15W-40 | | |
|--|--|--|
| This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII | | |
| This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII | | |
| Results of PBT-vPvB assessment The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) | | |

| Component | |
|--|--|
| Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated (101316-72-7) | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |

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| Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5) | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |
|--|--|
| Calcium carbonate (471-34-1) | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |
| Benzenesulfonic acid, di-C10-14-alkyl derivs., calcium salts | This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1) |

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or is not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Additional information

- : None
- : This product has no specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods

: Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector. Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely.

Sewage disposal recommendations

: Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed. Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

: European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information

: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been cleaned, and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials EURAL code (EWC)

: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

: 13 02 05* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

| ADR | IMDG | IATA | ADN | RID |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 14.1. UN number or ID n | 14.1. UN number or ID number | | | |
| Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated |
| 14.2. UN proper shippin | 14.2. UN proper shipping name | | | |
| Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated |

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| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | | | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated |
| 14.4. Packing group | 14.4. Packing group | | | |
| Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated |
| 14.5. Environmental hazards | | | | |
| Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated | Not regulated |
| None. | | | | |

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Not regulated

Transport by sea

Not regulated

Air transport

Not regulated

Inland waterway transport

Not regulated

Rail transport

Not regulated

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

IBC code : Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

| The following res | The following restrictions are applicable according to Annex XVII of the REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006: | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| Reference code | Reference code Applicable on Entry title or description | | |
| 3(b) | Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic | Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10 | |

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants

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Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations

: Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), (et seguens), Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (et sequens). Directives 89/391/CEE, 89/654/CEE, 89/655/CEE, 89/656/CEE, 90/269/CEE, 90/270/CEE, 90/394/CEE, 90/679/CEE, 93/88/CEE, 95/63/CE, 97/42/CE, 98/24/CE, 99/38/CE, 99/92/CE, 2001/45/CE, 2003/10/CE, 2003/18/CE (Health and safety on the workplace). Directive 2012/18/CE (Control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances). Directive 2004/42/CE (Limitation of emissions of Volatile Organic Compounds). Directive 98/24/EC (protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work). Directive 92/85/CE (measures to encourage improvements in the safety and health at work of pregnant workers and workers who have recently given birth or are breastfeeding). Substances Depleting the Ozone layer (1005/2009) - Annex I Substances (ODP). Regulation (EC) No 850/2004 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on persistent organic pollutants and amending Directive 79/117/EEC. Regulation EU (649/2012) - Export and Import of hazardous chemicals (PIC).

15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

Finland

Finnish National Regulations : Occupational Safety and Health Act No. 738/2002.

France

| Maladies professionelles (F) | | |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Code | Description | |
| RG 36 | Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin | |

Germany

Employment restrictions : Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according

to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) : WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1)

WGK remark : Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

woodergefährdender Stoffe (\/\w\/\w\S)

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

National Rules and Recommendations : TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances

TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers

TRGS 800: Fire protection measures
TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 10 - Combustible liquids

VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

Netherlands

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – : None of the components are listed

Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

Denmark

Danish National Regulations : Young people under 18 years are not allowed to use the product

Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with it

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Norway

Norwegian National Regulations : Working Environment Act (LOV-2005-06-17 NO. 62).

People under the age of 18 may not work with this product at all.

Sweden

Swedish National Regulations : This product is in compliance with Ordinance 1998:944.

Work Environment Act (1977: 1160).

Chemical Hazards in the Working Environment (AFS 2011:19).

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP] No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:

Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd., dewaxed, hydrogenated

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic

SECTION 16: Other information

| Indication of changes: | | | |
|------------------------|--|----------|-------|
| Section | Changed item | Change | Notes |
| | Adverse health effects caused by endocrine disrupting properties | Added | |
| | Adverse effects on the environment caused by endocrine disrupting properties | Added | |
| | Flammability (solid, gas) | Modified | |
| | SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 | | |
| 3 | Composition/information on ingredients | Modified | |
| 12.4 | Mobility in soil | Added | |

| Abbreviations and acronyms: | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| | Complete text of the H phrases quoted in this Safety Data Sheet. These phrases are reported here for information only, and MAY NOT correspond to the classification of the product. |
| | N/D = not available |
| | N/A = not applicable |
| ADN | European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways |
| ADR | European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road |
| ATE | Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor |
| CLP | Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 |
| DMEL | Derived Minimal Effect level |
| DNEL | Derived-No Effect Level |
| EC50 | Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration) |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |

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| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods |
|-------|--|
| LC50 | Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration) |
| LD50 | Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose) |
| LOAEL | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level |
| NOAEC | No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration |
| NOAEL | No-Observed Adverse Effect Level |
| NOEC | No-Observed Effect Concentration |
| OECD | Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development |
| PBT | Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic |
| PNEC | Predicted No-Effect Concentration |
| REACH | Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 |
| RID | Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways |
| SDS | Safety Data Sheet |
| STP | Sewage treatment plant |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |
| | |

Data sources

: This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

Training advice

: Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.

Other information

: Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolunged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. This situation is especially relevant in all those circumstances which require to enter a confined space, with direct exposure to the vapours. If this possibility is suspected, a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in confined spaces must be made, to help determine prevention measures and controls (i.e. PPE) appropriate to local circumstances, and adequate emergency procedures. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

| Full text of H- and EUH-statements: | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Asp. Tox. 1 | Aspiration hazard, Category 1 |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| EUH210 | Safety data sheet available on request. |

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

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