

# Safety Data Sheet

SDS EU format according to COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878 Revision date: 03/02/2022 Supersedes: 20/06/2017 Version: 5.0

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : Eni Acer 46
Product code : 2162
Type of product : Lubricants
Formula : 0066-2016
Product group : Trade product

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### 1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

Main use category : Industrial use, Professional use

Industrial/Professional use spec : Wide dispersive use

Used in closed systems

Use of the substance/mixture : Functional fluids

Hydraulic oil

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Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer.

Function or use category : Hydraulic fluids and additives

#### 1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Eni S.p.A., P.le E. Mattei 1, 00144 Rom, ITALY, Tel. +39 06 59821, www.eni.com Competent person responsible for the safety data sheet (Reg. EC nr. 1907/2006): <u>SDSInfo@eni.com</u>

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### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CNIT +39 0382 24444 (24h) (IT + EN)

Poison centre (UK):

National Poisons Information Service Edinburgh (24h)

(+44) 844 892 0111 0870 600 6266 (UK only) (Source: UN-WHO)

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]

Not classified

### Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Contact with eyes may cause temporary reddening and irritation. For specific information about the toxicological/ecotoxicological properties and classification of this product, see Sect. 11 and/or Sect. 12.

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#### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EUH-statements : EUH210 - Safety data sheet available on request.

### 2.3. Other hazards (not relevant for classification)

This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [EU-GHS / CLP]
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (Main component, see note [*])	(CAS-No.) 64742-65-0 (EC-No.) 265-169-7 (EC Index-No.) 649-474-00-6 (REACH-no) 01-2119471299-27	60 – 70	Not classified
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (Component, see note [*])	(CAS-No.) 64741-89-5 (EC-No.) 265-091-3 (EC Index-No.) 649-455-00-2 (REACH-no) 01-2119487067-30	30-40	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

Notes : Note [\*]:

this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures after inhalation : In case of disturbances owing to inhalation of vapours or mists, remove the victim from

exposure; keep at rest; if necessary, seek medical attention. See also section 4.3.

First-aid measures after skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash thoroughly with soap and water. If

inflammation or irritation persists, seek medical advice. Body hypothermia must be avoided. Do not put ice on the burn. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a

hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by doctor's advice.

First-aid measures after eye contact

: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove

: Rinse eyes thoroughly for at least 15 minutes. Keep eyelids well apart. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. In case of burns, cool affected part with cold running water for at least 10 min. Cover with gauze or clean cloth. Ask for medical assistance or bring to a hospital. Do not apply salves or other substances, unless by

doctor's advice. If eye irritation persists: Consult an eye specialist.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Do not induce vomiting to avoid aspiration into the lungs. Keep at rest. If the person is conscious, rinse mouth with water without swallowing. Keep at rest. Call for medical assistance or bring to an hospital. If the casualty is unconscious, place in the recovery

position. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms / injuries (general indications) : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.

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: This product has a low vapour pressure, and in normal conditions at ambient temperature Symptoms/effects after inhalation

the concentration in the air is negligible. A significant concentration may build up only if the product is used at high temperature, or in case of sprays and mists. In these cases

overexposure to vapours may cause irritation to airways, nausea and dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact Contact with hot product may cause thermal burns. Symptoms/effects after eye contact Contact with hot product or vapours may cause burns.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion Accidental ingestion of small quantities of the product may cause nausea, discomfort and

gastric disturbances.

Symptoms/effects upon intravenous administration No information available.

Chronic symptoms None to be reported, according to the present classification criteria.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide). The casualty should be sent immediately to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Other extinguishing gases (according to regulations). Small-size fires: carbon dioxide, dry

chemicals, foam, sand or earth. Large fires: foam or water fog (mist). These means should

be used by trained personnel only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Simultaneous use of foam and water on the same surface is to be avoided as water destroys the foam. Do not use water jets. They could cause splattering, and spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : This product is combustible, but not classified as Flammable. The creation of flammable vapour mixtures takes place at temperatures which are higher than normal ambient levels.

Explosion hazard The vapours are flammable and may form explosive mixtures with air.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Other information

Firefighting instructions Shut off source of product, if possible. Spilled product which is not burning should be

covered with sand or foam. Use water sprays to cool containers and surfaces exposed to the flames. Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk. If the

fire cannot be controlled, evacuate area. Special protective equipment for firefighters

In case of a large fire or in confined or poorly ventilated spaces, wear full fire resistant protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece

operated in positive pressure mode. Wear personal protection equipment. (see chapter 8).

In case of fire, do not discharge residual product, waste materials and runoff water: collect separately and use a proper treatment.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop or contain leak at the source, if safe to do so. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so (e.g. electricity, sparks, fires, flares). Avoid accidental sprays on hot surfaces or electrical

contacts. Avoid direct contact with released material. Keep upwind.

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : See Section 8.

**Emergency procedures** : Keep non-involved personnel away from the area of spillage. Alert emergency personnel. Except in case of small spillages, the feasibility of any actions should always be assessed and advised, if possible, by a trained, competent person in charge of managing the

emergency.

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#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

: Small spillages: normal antistatic working clothes are usually adequate. Large spillages: full body suit of chemically resistant and antistatic material. if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work gloves providing adequate chemical resistance, specifically to aromatic hydrocarbons. Gloves made of PVA are not water-resistant, and are not suitable for emergency use. If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated. Work helmet. Goggles and /or face shield, if splashes or contact with eyes is possible or anticipated. Respiratory protection: A half or full-face respirator with filter(s) for organic vapours (A) (or A+B when applicable for H2S), or a Self-contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) can be used according to the extent of spill and predictable amount of exposure. If the situation cannot be completely assessed, or if an oxygen deficiency is possible, only SCBA's should be used.

**Emergency procedures** 

: If required, notify relevant authorities according to all applicable regulations.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not let the product accumulate in confined or underground spaces. Do not let the product flow into sewers or water courses, or in any way contaminate the environment. In case of contamination of environment compartments (soil, subsoil, surface or underground waters), remove contaminated soil when possible, and in any case treat all involved compartments in accordance with local regulations. The site should have a spill plan to ensure that adequate safeguards are in place to minimize the impact of episodic releases.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Contain spilled liquid with sand, earth or other suitable absorbents (non-flammable).

Recover free liquid and waste materials in suitable waterproof and oil-resistant containers.

Clean contaminated area. Dispose of according to local regulations. If in water: Confine the spillage. Remove from surface by skimming or suitable floating absorbents. Collect recovered product and other waste materials in suitable waterproof, oil resistant containers.

Recover or dispose of according to local regulations. Do not use solvents or dispersants, unless specifically advised by an expert, and, if required, approved by local authorities.

Other information

: Recommended measures are based on the most likely spillage scenarios for this material; however, local conditions (wind, air/water temperature, wave/current direction and speed) may significantly influence the choice of appropriate actions. Local regulations may also prescribe or limit actions to be taken. For this reason, local experts should be consulted when necessary.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". For further information refer to section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure that all relevant regulations regarding handling and storage facilities of flammable products are followed. Do not use compressed air for filling, discharging, or handling operations. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. During transfer operations, ensure that all equipment and containers are correctly grounded. Avoid the build-up of electric charges. Use and store only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Emptied containers can contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, drill, burn or incinerate empty containers or drums, unless they have been drained and cleaned. Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), carry out an adequate clean-up, and check the atmosphere for oxygen content, flammability, and the presence of sulphur compounds. See also Section 16, "Other information".

Handling temperature Hygiene measures : This product can be handled at ambient temperatures.

Avoid contact with skin. Do not breathe fume/ mist/ vapours. Do not ingest. Do not smoke. Do not eat and do not drink during use. Do not clean hands with dirty or oil-soaked rags. Do not re-use clothes, if they are still contaminated. Keep away from food and beverages.

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### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store in dry, well-ventilated area. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of

ignition. Do not smoke.

Incompatible products : Keep away from strong oxidizers.

Storage temperature : This product can be stored at ambient temperatures.

Storage area : Storage area layout, tank design, equipment and operating procedures must comply with

the relevant European, national or local legislation. Storage installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Cleaning, inspection and maintenance of internal structure of storage tanks must be done only by properly equipped and qualified personnel as defined by national, local or company

regulations.

Packages and containers: : If the product is supplied in containers: Keep containers tightly closed and properly labelled.

Keep only in the original container or in a suitable container for this kind of product.

Packaging materials : For containers, or container linings use materials specifically approved for use with this

product. Compatibility should be checked with the manufacturer.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

No information available.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1. Control parameters

#### 8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

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Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light p	araffinic (64741-89-5)	
Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits		
OEL TWA [1]	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
OEL STEL	2 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits		
AK (OEL TWA)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits		
MAC TGG 8h (mg/m³)	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits		
VLA-ED (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
VLA-EC (mg/m³)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits		
NGV (OEL TWA)	1 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
KTV (OEL STEL)	3 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
United Kingdom - Occupational Exposure Limits		
WEL TWA (OEL TWA) [1]	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
WEL STEL (OEL STEL)	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
ACGIH OEL TWA	5 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	
ACGIH OEL STEL	10 mg/m³ (Mineral base oil mist, severely refined, DMSO extract <3% m/m)	

### 8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

Monitoring methods	
<u> </u>	Monitoring procedures should be chosen according to the indications set by national authorities or labour contracts. Refer to relevant legislation and in any case to the good practice of industrial hygiene.

### 8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

### 8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

Eni Acer 46	
DNEL/DMEL (additional information)	
Additional information Not applicable	
PNEC (additional information)	
Additional information Not applicable	

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Note

: The Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) is an estimated safe level of exposure that is derived from toxicity data in accord with specific guidance within the European REACH regulation. The DNEL may differ from an Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) for the same chemical. OELs may be recommended by an individual company, a governmental regulatory body or an expert organization, such as the Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits (SCOEL) or the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH). OELs are considered to be safe exposure levels for a typical worker in an occupational setting for an 8-hour work shift, 40 hour work week, as a time weighted average (TWA) or a 15 minute short-term exposure limit (STEL). While also considered to be protective of health, OELs are derived by a process different from that of REACH.

### 8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

Before entering storage tanks and commencing any operation in a confined area (e.g. tunnels), check the atmosphere for oxygen content, presence of hydrogen sulphide (H2S) and SOx, and flammability. See also Section 16, "Other information".

#### 8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

#### Personal protective equipment (for industrial or professional use):

Face shield. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Safety shoes or boots. Dust/aerosol mask.

#### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):











### 8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

### Eye protection:

Tightly fitting goggles and face shield, if splashes or contact of cold vapour with eyes is possible or anticipated. If necessary, refer to national standards or to the EN 166 standard.

#### 8.2.2.2. Skin protection

### Skin and body protection:

Long-sleeved overalls. If necessary, refer to the EN 340 and related standards, for definition of characteristics and performance according to the risk rating of the area. Antistatic non-skid safety shoes or boots, chemical resistant, if necessary heat resistant and insulated.

### Hand protection:

When there is a risk of contact with the skin, use waterproof gloves, resistant to chemical products. Gloves must be felt-lined. Adequate materials: nitrile (NBR) or PVC with a protection index > 5 (permeation time > 240 mins). Gloves must be replaced after each use and whenever signs of wear or perforation appear. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

#### Other skin protection

#### Materials for protective clothing:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

#### 8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

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#### Respiratory protection:

Open or well ventilated spaces: in presence of oil mists and if the product is handled without adequate containment means: use full or half-face masks with filter for mists/aerosols (P). In case there is a significant presence of vapours (e.g. through handling at high temperature), use full or half-face masks with a filter for organic vapours (A), and H2S (B) where applicable. (EN 136/140/145). Combination filter device (DIN EN 141). Closed or confined areas (e.g. tank interiors): the use of protection measures for airways (masks or self-contained breathing apparatus), must be assessed according to the specific activity, as well as level and duration of predicted exposure. (EN 136/140/145)

#### 8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

#### Thermal hazard protection:

If contact with hot product is possible or anticipated, gloves should be heat-resistant and thermally insulated.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

#### **Environmental exposure controls:**

Do not discharge the product into the environment. Storage areas/installations should be designed with adequate bunds so as to prevent ground and water pollution in case of leaks or spills. Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Onsite wastewater treatment required. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

#### Consumer exposure controls:

No special requirements necessary, if handled at room temperature.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Appearance : Clear liquid.

Molecular mass : Not applicable for mixtures

Colour : Yellow-brown.

Odour : Slight odour of petroleum.

Odour threshold : There are no data available on the preparation/mixture itself.

pH : Not applicable. Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) : Negligible.

Melting point : -21 °C (pour point) (ASTM D 97)

Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : No data available
Flash point : 207 °C (ASTM D 92)
Critical temperature : Not applicable for mixtures

Auto-ignition temperature : No data available
Decomposition temperature : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable
Vapour pressure : No data available

Critical pressure : Not applicable for mixtures

Relative vapour density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : No data available

Density : 879 kg/m³ (15 °C) (ASTM D 4052)
Solubility : Water: Immiscible and insoluble
Log Pow : Not applicable for mixtures
Log Kow : Not applicable for mixtures
Viscosity, kinematic : 46 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)

Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

Explosive properties : None (according to composition).

Oxidising properties : None (according to composition).

Explosive limits : No data available

#### 9.2. Other information

Additional information : No data available

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### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

This mixture does not offer any further hazard for reactivity, except what is reported in the following paragraphs.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable product, according to its intrinsic properties.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None (in normal conditions of storage and handling). Contact with strong oxidizers (peroxides, chromates, etc.) may cause a fire hazard. A mixture with nitrates or other strong oxidizers (e.g. chlorates, perchlorates, liquid oxygen) may create an explosive mass. Sensitivity to heat, friction or shock cannot be assessed in advance.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from strong oxidizers. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Avoid the build-up of electrostatic charge.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidants.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies, the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. See also Section 16, "Other information".

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (API 1982, UBTL 1983 - OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rabbit	2000 – 5000 mg/kg bodyweight (API 1982, UBTL 1984 - OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	3,9 – 5,3 mg/l/4h (Bio-Research Laboratories, Ltd. 1984 - OECD 403)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 401)
LD50 dermal rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 5 mg/l/4h (OECD 403)

Skin corrosion/irritation

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Not applicable.

Additional information

: (according to composition)

Serious eye damage/irritation

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) pH: Not applicable.

Additional information

: (according to composition)

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information

: (according to composition)

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Additional information : (according to composition)

Carcinogenicity : Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

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Additional information	: (according to composition) This product contains: Lubricating oils (petroleum), C24-50, solvent-extd, dewaxed, hydrogenated; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by solvent extraction and hydrogenation of atmospheric distillation residues. It consists predominantly of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C24 through C50 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity in the order of 16cSt to 75cSt at 40 °C (104 °F).], Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic; Baseoil— unspecified; [A complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained as the raffinate from a solvent extraction process. It consists predominantly of saturated hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C15 through C30 and produces a finished oil with a viscosity of less than 100 SUS at 100 °F (19cSt at 40 °C).] this product has a value of DMSO extract < 3 % wt, according to IP 346. According to the criteria laid out by the EU (note L, Annex VI of Regulation (CE) 1272/2008), this product must be regarded as non carcinogenic.
Reproductive toxicity Additional information	<ul><li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li><li>(according to composition)</li></ul>
STOT-single exposure Additional information	<ul><li>: Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li><li>: (according to composition)</li></ul>
STOT-repeated exposure Additional information	<ul><li>Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)</li><li>(according to composition)</li></ul>

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)
LOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	100 mg/kg bodyweight/day
NOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	< 125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (CAS 64742-04-7, Mobil 1990) (OECD 408)
NOAEL (dermal, rat/rabbit, 90 days)	1000 – 2000 mg/kg bodyweight/day (API 1982, Mobil Environmental and Health Science Laboratory 1983 - OECD 410)
NOAEC (inhalation,rat, vapour, 90 days)	220 – 980 mg/m³ (Dalbey W, Osimitz T, Kommineni C, Roy T, Feuston M and Yang J 1991 - OECD 412)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
LOAEL (oral, rat, 90 days)	125 mg/kg bodyweight/day (OECD TG 408)
·	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met) Viscosity, kinematic: > 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
Eni Acer 46	
Viscosity, kinematic	46 mm²/s (40 °C) (ASTM D 445)
symptoms	Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause reddening, irritation and dermatitis, Avoid all eye and skin contact and do not breathe vapour and mist None

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general

: The product is not considered harmful to aquatic organisms nor to cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. An uncontrolled release to the environment may nevertheless produce a contamination of different environmental compartments (soil, underground, surface water bodies, aquifers). Handle according to general working hygiene practices to avoid pollution and release into the environment.

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Ecology - air : This product has a extremely low vapour pressure in normal conditions of storage and transfer. In normal conditions at ambient temperature the concentration in the air is

negligible.

Ecology - water : This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface. The

damage to aquatic organisms is of mechanical kind (immobilization and entrapment)

 $\label{thm:local_equation} \mbox{Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term}$ 

acute)

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term

(chronic)

: Not classified

: Not classified

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)		
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50, Exxon 1995 - OECD 203)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l (EL50, Shell 1988 - OECD 202)	
NOEC (acute)	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h, OECD 201 - Petro-Canada 2008)	
NOEC chronic fish	≥ 1000 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss, NOELR, 14d - QSAR, Redman, A. et al. 2010)	
NOEC chronic crustacea	≥ 1000 mg/l (21d, OECD 211 - Shell 1994)	
NOEC chronic algae	≥ 100 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, 72h)	

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
LC50 fish 1	> 100 mg/l (LL 50)
EC50 Daphnia 1	> 10000 mg/l WAF, 48 h (OECD 202)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Eni Acer 46	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
Persistence and degradability	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
	The most significant constituents of the product should be considered as "inherently biodegradable", but not "readily biodegradable", and they may be moderately persistent, particularly in anaerobic conditions.
Biodegradation	31 % (28d, Exxon 1995)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Eni Acer 46	
Log Pow	Not applicable for mixtures
Log Kow	Not applicable for mixtures
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
BCF fish 1	0,4 – 6280 l/kg

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BCF fish 2	3,16 – 71100 l∕kg
Log Pow	1,99 – 18,02
Log Kow	Not applicable (UVCB)
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
Bioaccumulative potential	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

Eni Acer 46	
Ecology - soil	No data available.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	
Log Koc	1,71 – 14,7
Ecology - soil	The test methods for this endpoint are not applicable to UVCB substances.

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	
Ecology - soil	This product is not soluble in water. It floats on water and forms a film on the surface.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Eni Acer 46		
This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII		
Results of PBT-vPvB assessment	The components in this formulation do not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)	

Component	
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (64742-65-0)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)
Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic (64741-89-5)	This substance/mixture does not meet the PBT criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance/mixture does not meet the vPvB criteria of REACH regulation, annex XIII This substance does not meet the criteria for classification as PBT or vPvB. The product should be considered prudentially as "Persistent" in the environment, according to the REACH Annex XIII criteria (point 1.1)

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects
Additional information

: None.

: For this product there are no experimental data about the specific properties for inhibition of bacterial activity. In any case, wastewater containing this product should be treated in plants that are suited for the specific purpose.

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## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods

: Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely. Do not dispose of the product, either new or used, by dumping on the ground, or discharging into sewers, tunnels, lakes or water courses. Deliver to a qualified official collector.

Sewage disposal recommendations

Dispose of in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sludge should be incinerated, contained or reclaimed.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations

European Waste Catalogue code(s) (Decision 2001/118/CE): 13 02 05\* (mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils). This EWC code is only a general indication, and takes into account the original composition of the product and its intended use. The user has the responsibility of choosing the right EWC code, considering the actual use of the product, alterations and contaminations.

Additional information

: Empty containers may contain combustible product residues. Do not cut, weld, bore, burn or incinerate emptied containers, unless they have been cleaned and declared safe.

Ecology - waste materials EURAL code (EWC)

: The product as it is does not contain halogenated substances.

: 13 02 05\* - Mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

ADR	IMDG	IATA	ADN	RID
14.1. UN number				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.2. UN proper shipping name				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.4. Packing group				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
14.5. Environmental hazards				
Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable	Not applicable
None.				

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Special transport precautions

: None.

Overland transport

Not applicable

Transport by sea

Not applicable

Air transport

Not applicable

Inland waterway transport

Not applicable

Rail transport

Not applicable

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

IBC code : Not applicable.

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### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### 15.1.1. EU-Regulations

Contains no REACH substances with Annex XVII restrictions

No ingredients are included in the REACH Candidate list (> 0,1 % m/m).

Contains no REACH Annex XIV substances

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals.

Contains no substance subject to Regulation (EU) No 2019/1021 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 20 June 2019 on persistent organic pollutants

#### 15.1.2. National regulations

National adoption of EU Directives concerning health and safety on the workplace.

National adoption of EU Directives concerning control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances (2012/18/CE).

Relevant national laws on prevention of water pollution.

Relevant national laws on protection of the health of pregnant workers (National adoption of Dir. 92/85/EEC).

National adoption of Directive 2008/98/CE concerning disposal of used oils.

#### France

Maladies professionelles (F)		
Code	Description	
RG 36	Diseases caused by oils and fats of mineral or synthetic origin	

#### Germany

WGK remark

**Employment restrictions** : Employment prohibitions or restrictions on the protection of young people at work according

to § 22 JArbSchG in the case of formation of hazardous substances have to be observed.

Water hazard class (WGK) (D) : WGK 1, Slightly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1)

: Classification based on the components in compliance with Verwaltungsvorschrift

wassergefährdender Stoffe (VwVwS)

Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BlmSchV) : Is not subject of the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

National Rules and Recommendations TRGS 900: Occupational Exposure Limits

TRGS 800: Fire protection measures

TRGS 555: Working instruction and information for workers

TRGS 402: Identification and Assessment of the Risks from Activities involving Hazardous

Substances: Inhalation Exposure

TRGS 401: Risks resulting from skin contact - identification, assessment, measures TRGS 400: Hazard assessment for activities involving Hazardous Substances

Storage class (LGK, TRGS 510) : LGK 12 - Non-combustible liquids

VbF class (D) : Not applicable.

Netherlands

Saneringsinspanningen : C - Minimize discharge

SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed : None of the components are listed SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen - Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed : None of the components are listed

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen -

Vruchtbaarheid

SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

This mixture is classified as not hazardous according to regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP] No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

### A chemical safety assessment has been carried out for the following components of this mixture:

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-refined light paraffinic

Distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic

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# **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indication of changes:			
Section	Changed item	Change	Notes
	For mixture	Modified	
	Revision date	Modified	
3	Composition/information on ingredients	Modified	

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF Bioconcentration factor CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level DNEL Derived-No Effect Level EC50 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration) IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA International Air Transport Association IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration) LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration) LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways SDS Safety Data Sheet STP Sewage treatment plant	Abbreviations and acronyms	s:
N/A = not applicable  ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways  ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate  BCF Bioconcentration factor  CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level  DNEL Derived-No Effect Level  EC50 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)  IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  Lc50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOGE No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOCE No-Observed Effect Concentration  DECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet		
European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF Bioconcentration factor CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level DNEL Derived-No Effect Level ECS0 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration) IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA International Air Transport Association IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration) LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose) LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways SSS Safety Data Sheet		N/D = not available
ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF Bioconcentration factor CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level DNEL Derived-No Effect Level EC50 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration) IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA International Air Transport Association IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration) LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration) LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways SDS Safety Data Sheet STP Sewage treatment plant		N/A = not applicable
ATE Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF Bioconcentration factor  CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level  DNEL Derived-No Effect Level  EC50 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)  IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  Sewage treatment plant	ADN	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways
BCF Bioconcentration factor  CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level  DNEL Derived-No Effect Level  ECS0 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)  IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Effect Concentration  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SSDS Safety Data Sheet  SETP Sewage treatment plant	ADR	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
CLP Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008  DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level  DNEL Derived-No Effect Level  EC50 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)  IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEL No-Observed Effect Concentration  OCCD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  SETP Sewage treatment plant	ATE	Acute Toxicity Estimate
DMEL Derived Minimal Effect level  DNEL Derived-No Effect Level  EC50 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)  IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  SETP Sewage treatment plant	BCF	Bioconcentration factor
DNEL Derived-No Effect Level  Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)  IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  Loso Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  SEVEN	CLP	Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008
EC50 Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)  IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  SETP Sewage treatment plant	DMEL	Derived Minimal Effect level
International Agency for Research on Cancer  IATA International Air Transport Association  IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods  LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  Sewage treatment plant	DNEL	Derived-No Effect Level
International Air Transport Association  International Maritime Dangerous Goods  Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  Sewage treatment plant	EC50	Effective concentration for 50 percent of test population (median effective concentration)
International Maritime Dangerous Goods  LC50 Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  LD50 Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  Sewage treatment plant	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)  Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOFC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  STP Sewage treatment plant	IATA	International Air Transport Association
Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)  LOAEL Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOAEC No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NOAEL No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  Sewage treatment plant	IMDG	International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LOAEL  Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level  No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  No-Observed Effect Concentration  No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD  Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT  Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC  Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH  Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID  Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS  Safety Data Sheet  STP  Sewage treatment plant	LC50	Lethal concentration for 50 percent of test population (median lethal concentration)
NOAEC  No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration  NoAEL  No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  NOEC  No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD  Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT  Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC  Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH  Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID  Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS  Safety Data Sheet  STP  Sewage treatment plant	LD50	Lethal dose for 50 percent of test population (median lethal dose)
NOAEL  No-Observed Adverse Effect Level  No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD  Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT  Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC  Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH  Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID  Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS  Safety Data Sheet  STP  Sewage treatment plant	LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC  No-Observed Effect Concentration  OECD  Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT  Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC  Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH  Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID  Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS  Safety Data Sheet  STP  Sewage treatment plant	NOAEC	No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development  PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  STP Sewage treatment plant	NOAEL	No-Observed Adverse Effect Level
PBT Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic  PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  STP Sewage treatment plant	NOEC	No-Observed Effect Concentration
PNEC Predicted No-Effect Concentration  REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  STP Sewage treatment plant	OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
REACH Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006  RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  STP Sewage treatment plant	PBT	Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic
RID Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways  SDS Safety Data Sheet  STP Sewage treatment plant	PNEC	Predicted No-Effect Concentration
SDS Safety Data Sheet STP Sewage treatment plant	REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals, Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
STP Sewage treatment plant	RID	Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Railways
	SDS	Safety Data Sheet
vPvB Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative	STP	Sewage treatment plant
	vPvB	Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Data sources

<sup>:</sup> This Safety Data Sheet is based on the real characteristics of the components and their combination, taking into account the information provided by the suppliers.

### Safety Data Sheet

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Training advice

- : Provide adequate training to professional operators for the use of PPEs, according to the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet.
- Other information
- : Do not use the product for any purposes that have not been advised by the manufacturer. In exceptional cases (i.e prolonged storage in tanks contaminated with water, and presence of anaerobic sulfate-reducing microbial colonies), the product may undergo a degradation and generate small amounts of sulfur compounds, including H2S. If there is any suspicion of inhalation of H2S (hydrogen sulphide), Rescuers must wear breathing apparatus, belt and safety rope, and follow rescue procedures. Send patient to hospital. Immediately begin artificial respiration if breathing has ceased. Administer oxygen if necessary. A specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of H2S in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water, and unintentional releases must be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances.

Full text of H- and EUH-statements:		
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1	
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
EUH210	Safety data sheet available on request.	

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.